
Natural User Interfaces in Mixed Reality Applications and on Mobile Phones

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Traditional Mobile Phone Interface



- The traditional UIs are often cumbersome and very slow to use
- The keypad is too small for many users
- Especially the ‘Navi/Joystick’ -button often misinterprets the direction of the press

However, mobile phones are widely used devices and thus ideal for many services and applications.



There is clear need for better user interfaces.



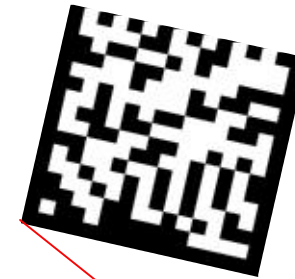
Pointing User Interface

Children use pointing inherently in all cultures.
Pointing is the most natural way of making selection.

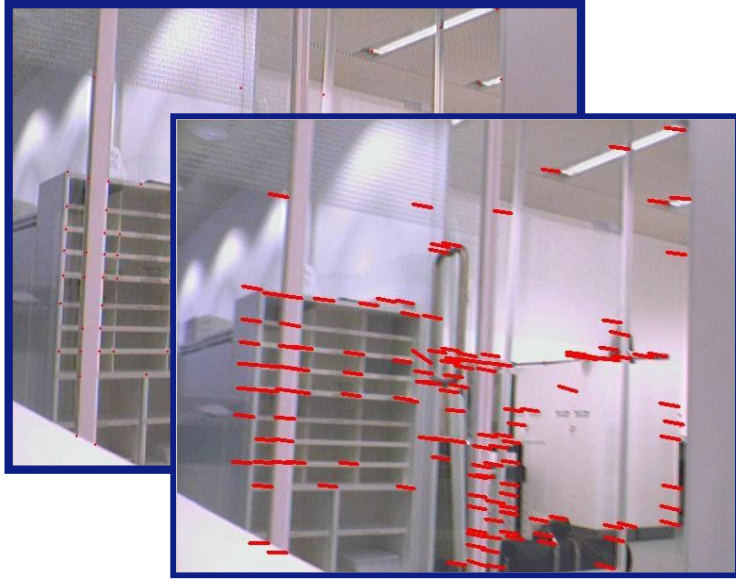


VisualTag

- Detection accuracy: 3-4 pixels/data cell
- 8 fps (= 125ms/frame)
- Rotation free
- Number of data cells: 6x6 – 30x30
- Storage capacity: 8 – 600 bits (= ID -150 digits)
- 255 information types + extension



Motion detection and Feature Tracking



- Motion detection in 2D
- Light-weight feature/motion detection algorithm for camera phones
- Feature based markerless tracking for general applications
- Motion based UI using phone's camera

PhoneMouse

- Use camera phone as PC mouse
- Move the cursor by moving phone in the air
- Phone keys simulating the mouse buttons
- Features: draw mode, scroll, backspace, ...
- Applications: e.g. PowerPoint presentations



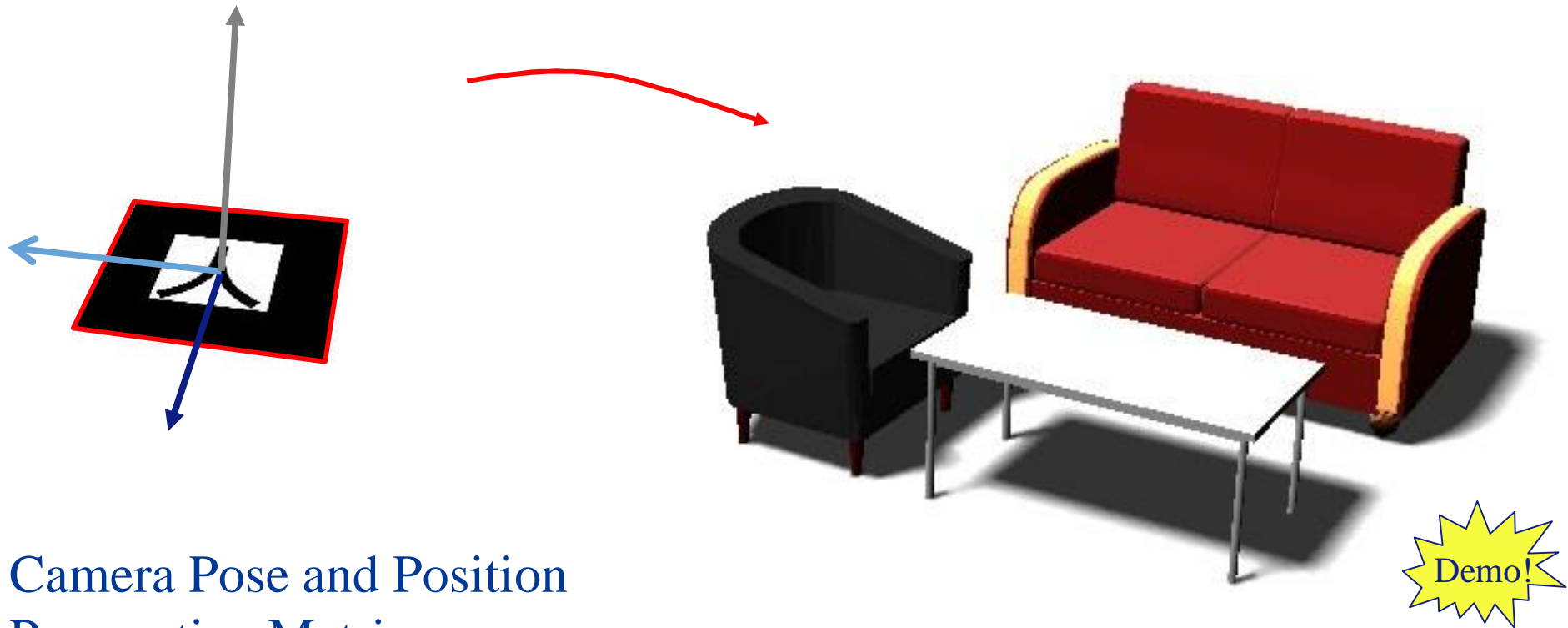
Mobile Entertainment - SymBall / Pingis

Virtual table tennis game for camera phones

- Use camera phone as racket (no joystick) !
- Camera driven game control by motion detection
- Data connection between players via Bluetooth or GPRS
- First networked camera phone game in the world
- Implementation on Symbian OS/Series 60
- Performance 15-18 fps on Nokia 6600
- Features: sounds, ball speed, racket shape, etc.
- International distribution by Mobile Solutions, Italy (www.mobilesolutions.it)



Marker Detection in Augmented Reality Applications



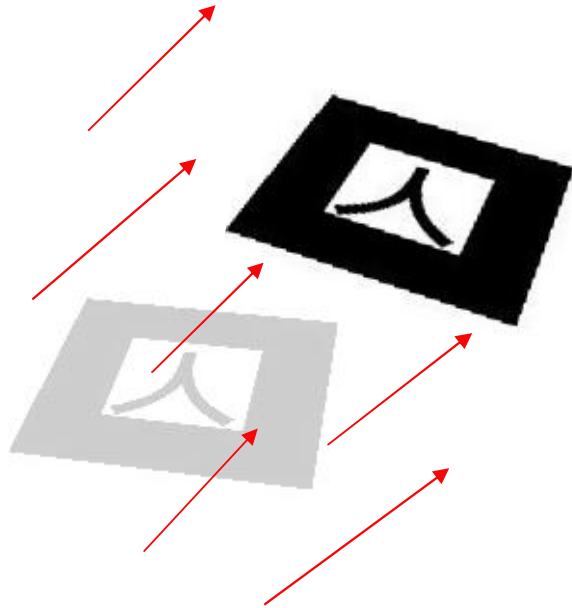
- Camera Pose and Position
- Perspective Matrix
- Transformation Matrix
- etc.
- Intrinsic Camera Parameters



ARInterior

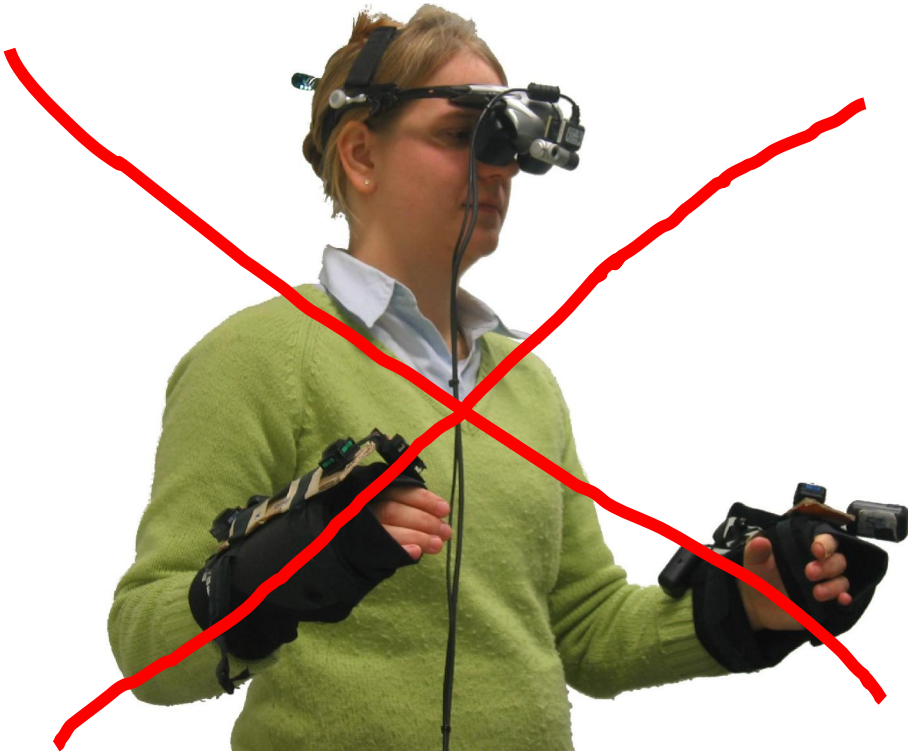


Hybrid-tracking



- The marker is used for calculating 3D orientation of camera and world
- Then markerless tracking is used for further tracking
- AR-applications are not limited to the view where the marker is visible
- Avoid the typical flickering due to imprecise orientation calculations

Augmented Reality in Consumer Applications



- Data glasses, data gloves, etc. are:
- not commonly available
 - unfamiliar to the ordinary consumer
 - good for immersive applications



- Mobile phones, digital cameras, PCs:
- commonly available
 - ordinary consumers are familiar with them

Augmented Interior Design - Consumer Solutions

ARInterior

- Single marker placed on floor
- Digital camera images are uploaded to the computer
- Virtual furniture is selected and placed in the desired position
- Features: lighting, shadows, hiding of marker
- Potential also for Internet portal solution



ARPhone

- Placing virtual furniture on phone's camera image
- Based on feature tracking - no markers required
- Also, architecture, historical sites, entertainment, ...

Videos:

- ARInterior
- SymBall
- ARScaleModel
- VisualTag



Demos:

- ARInterior
- SymBall
- VisualTag
- ARPhone
- PhoneMouse



Videos and Demos available at:

<http://www.vtt.fi/multimedia>

Thank You!

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